

21st Century Skills Progress Report

Student Name

First Trimester Report
November, 2013

CRITICAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Think Critically

- Use various types of reasoning (inductive, deductive, etc.) as appropriate to the situation
- Analyze how parts of a whole interact with each other to produce overall outcomes in complex systems



Make Judgments and Decisions

- Effectively analyze and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims and beliefs and alternative points of view
- Interpret information and draw conclusions based on the best analysis



Ask Questions

- Ask questions to fill in the gaps between what is known and what is unknown
- Ask questions at all levels of Bloom's Taxonomy of Thinking, but match the purpose with the correct type of question
- Identify and ask significant questions that clarify various points of view and lead to better solutions



Solve Problems

- Solve different kinds of non-familiar problems in both conventional and innovative ways
- When appropriate, challenge yourself to find multiple correct ways to solve a problem



REFLECTION AND AWARENESS

Metacognition (Thinking About Our Thinking)

- Know what you know and know what you don't know
- Know what to do and when to do it
- Be conscious of the steps and strategies during the act of problem solving
- Develop a plan of action, remember that plan over a period of time, then reflect back and evaluate the plan upon its completion
- Be aware of one's actions and the effect of those actions on others and on the environment
- Shift gears if a plan isn't working
- Explain your thinking and the strategies used while making decisions



Reflect and Synthesize

- Reflect critically on experiences in order to avoid repeating mistakes and to inform future progress
- Synthesize and make connections between information and arguments
- Identify those "Aha Moments" when something finally clicks



LIFE AND CAREER SKILLS

Today's life and work environments require far more than thinking skills and content knowledge. The ability to navigate the complex life and work environments in the globally competitive information age requires students to pay rigorous attention to developing adequate life and career skills.

FLEXIBILITY AND ADAPTABILITY

Adapt to Change

- Adapt to varied roles, jobs, responsibilities, schedules, and contexts
- Work effectively in a climate of ambiguity and changing priorities



Think and Learn Flexibly

- Change your mind when you receive additional data
- Know when it is appropriate to be broad and global in your thinking and when a situation requires detailed precision
- Understand that there are multiple correct ways to solve a problem



Demonstrate Learning Through All Intelligence Pathways

- Interpersonal – understand other people
- Intrapersonal – understand yourself
- Logical-Mathematical – understand causal systems
- Visual-Spatial – present the world in your mind
- Verbal-Linguistic – use language to express yourself
- Bodily-Kinesthetic – use your body as your media
- Musical-Rhythmic – use music and patterns
- Naturalist – discriminate among living things



Be Curious

- Wonder about things, then do something about it
- Identify new problems that need to be solved and probe into their causes
- Enjoy figuring out problems without adult assistance
- Feel compelled, enthusiastic and passionate about learning, inquiring and mastering
- If you can't figure something out, ask someone for help



Learn Continuously

- Value doubt rather than certainty
- Explore alternatives rather than think there is just one correct answer
- Constantly be on the lookout for new and better ways of doing things
- Believe that problems, situations, tensions, conflicts and circumstances are valuable opportunities to learn
- Invite the unknown, the creative, and the inspirational



LEADERSHIP AND RESPONSIBILITY

Guide and Lead Others

- Use interpersonal and problem-solving skills to influence and guide others toward a goal
- Inspire others to reach their very best via example and selflessness
- Demonstrate integrity and ethical behavior in using influence and power
- Know when to step back and let others lead



Be Responsible to Yourself and Others

- Monitor, define, prioritize and complete tasks without direct oversight
- Act responsibly with the interests of the larger community in mind
- Understand, negotiate and balance diverse views and beliefs to reach workable solutions, particularly in multi-cultural environments
- Perceive others' points of view, empathize, predict how others are thinking, and anticipate potential misunderstandings



